

Respiratory Motion Analysis: Towards Gated Augmentation of the Liver

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Outline

- Liver Motion Analysis
- Augmentation of the Laparoscope
- Towards Gated Augmented Reality System
- Related Medical Augmented Reality Activities @ CAMP





Aim for Motion Analysis

Analysis of the correlation between the respirator and the actual liver motion

1mm repositioning error after one respiratory cycle expected

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- [Zhang05] Zhang, H., Banovac, K., Cleary, K., Increasing registration precision for liver movement with respiration using electromagnetic tracking, CARS 05
- [Nicolau04] S. Nicolau, A. Garcia, X. Pennec, L. Soler, and N. Ayache, Augmented reality guided radiofrequency tumor ablation, in Computer Animation and Virtual World, 2004,
- [Wong00] Wong, J. W., Sharpe, M. B., Jaffray, D. A., Kini, V. R., Robertson, J. M., Stromberg, J. S., Martinez, A. A., The Use Of Active Breathing Control (ABC) To Reduce Margin For Breathing Motion, Int.J.Radiation Oncology Biol.Phys., 44 1999, pp. 911 - 919

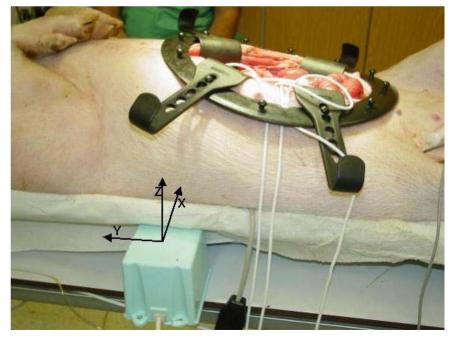




Experiment for the Motion Analysis

- motion tracker MiniBIRD (Ascension)
- three sensors attached to specific points on the liver (extended with a specific frame and sutured onto the liver)
- transmitter well placed to cover the entire working volume

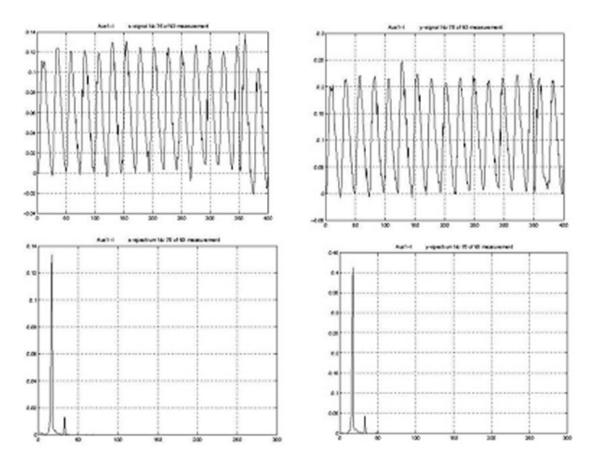
- 15 pigs were used
- 9 different arrangement of the three sensors on each pig
- 5 measurements for each arrangement







Motion of a sensor

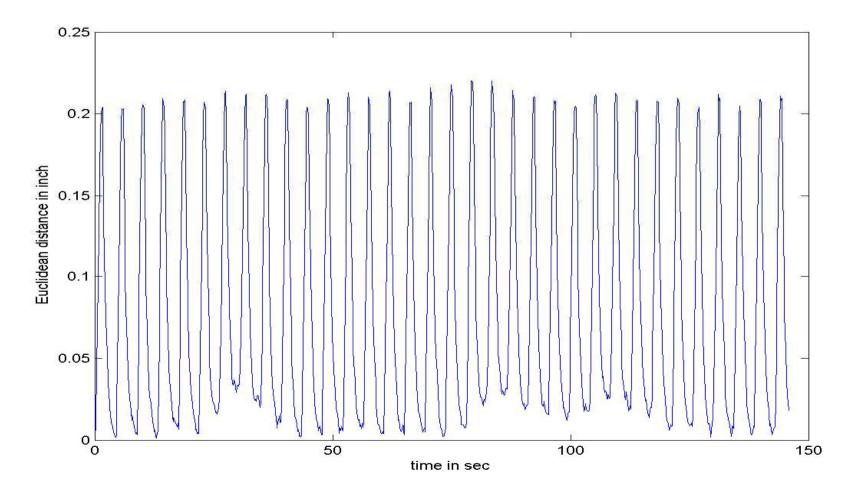


The Motion of one Sensor in X and Y direction and its Fourier space





Repositioning in the Central Axis



Repositioning Error after one respiratory cycle at the plateau is less than 1mm (0.04 inch)



Augmentation of Laparoscopic View

Benefit

- Advantage to see insight the liver with the laparoscope
- Detection of nodules and vessels

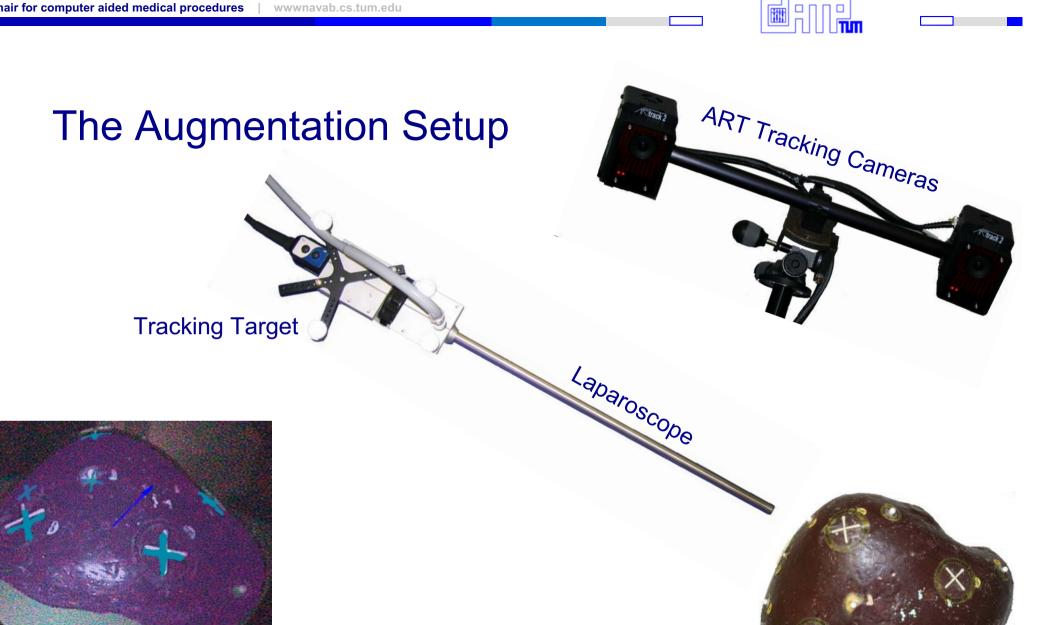
Challenges

- Precise real-time tracking
- Calibration of the laparoscope
- Registration of the imaging data (e.g. CT)
- Compensation for organ motion

 [Fuchs98] H. Fuchs et al., "Augmented Reality Visualization for Laparoscopic Surgery", MICCAI 1998
[Nakamoto2002] M. Nakamoto et al., "3D Ultrasound System Using a magneto-optic hybrid tracker for augmented reality visualization in laparoscopic liver surgery", MICCAI 2002

[Shahidi] R. Shahidi et al., *"Implementation, Calibration and Accuracy Testing of an Image-Enhanced Endoscopy System"*, IEEE Transactions on Medical Imaging, 21(12), Dec. 2002





Liver Dummy with Fiducials

Augmented View



Model

 $^{\mathsf{Tar}}\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{ART}}$

D

Calibration and Registration

- Calibrate the Laparoscope (distortion and intrinsic parameters)
- Estimation of the rigid transformation of the camera center and the target attached to the laparoscope

Tar

Cam

p

3D

ART

- Point based registration of the liver model into the tracking coordinate system
- Tracking of the laparoscope and update the projection of the virtual model

$$\mathbf{p}_{2\mathbf{D}} = \mathbf{P}^{Tar} \mathbf{T}_{Cam} \left(\begin{smallmatrix} Tar & \mathbf{T}_{ART} \end{smallmatrix} \right)^{-1} \stackrel{Model}{}$$



Laparoscope Augmentation

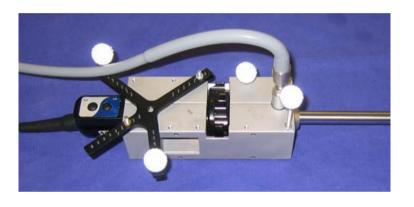






Tracking and Calibration

Tracking Target





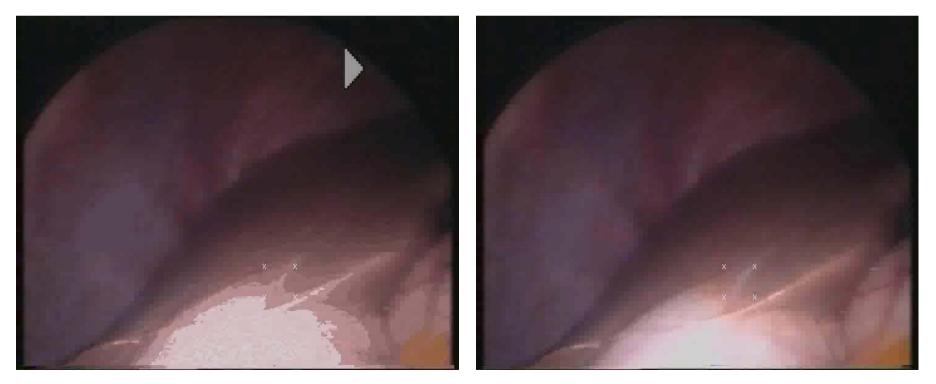
- Number of Cameras
 - One stereo-rig not sufficient
 - Four or better six tracking cameras required
- Laparoscope Calibration Methods
 - Direct Linear Transformation
 - Iterative Pose Estimation
 - Hand Eye-Calibration





Gated Liver Augmentation

- Exhalation plateau adjusted to about 3sec
- Register Model to the liver at exhalation
- Augment only during the exhalation plateau



Simple Augmentation

Gated Augmentation





Augmented Reality Activities @ CAMP

Automatic Patient Registration for Port Placement in Minimally Invasive Endoscopic Surgery



M. Feuerstein et al. In collaboration with Deutsches Herzzentrum München – accepted for MICCAI'05



Augmented Reality Activities @ CAMP

Navigation and AR visualization for minimally invasive spine surgery (NARVIS – BFS)



In collaboration with Klinikum Innenstadt (München) / ART (Weilheim) / Siemens Corporate Research (Princeton, USA)



Conclusion – Impact of Augmented Reality

- Benefit ("GPS" for Minimally Invasive Procedure)
 - Non-invasive Target Localization
 - Visualize Internal Anatomy (e.g. hepatic vain / bile duct)
 - 3D Navigation (including tool tracking)
- Challenges
 - Visualization and Information Representation
 - Precision, Accuracy, and Reliability in Tracking, Registration, and Calibration
 - Deformable Objects / Intraoperative Imaging

ISMAR 05

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